Ezekiel Outline

I. Oracles of Judgment against Israel (chs. 1-24)
   A. Ezekiel's Inaugural Vision (chs. 1-3)
      1. Overwhelming display of the glory of the Lord (ch. 1)
      2. Ezekiel's call to be a prophet (2:1; 3:15)
      3. Ezekiel's task as watchman (3:16-21)
      4. Restraints on Ezekiel's prophetic ministry (3:22-27)
   B. Symbolic Acts Portraying the Siege of Jerusalem (chs. 4-5)
      1. Ezekiel's symbolic siege of Jerusalem (ch. 4)
      2. God's razor of judgment at work (ch. 5)
   C. Oracles of Divine Judgment (chs. 6-7)
      1. Doom for the mountains of Israel (ch. 6)
      2. The end has come on the land (ch. 7)
   D. Corruption of the Temple and Its Consequences (chs. 8-11)
      1. Idolatry in the temple (ch. 8)
      2. Judgment on the idolaters (ch. 9)
      3. God's glory departs from the temple (ch. 10)
      4. God's sure judgment on Jerusalem (11:1-14)
      5. Those in exile to be restored (11:15-21)
      6. Conclusion of the vision (11:22-25)
   E. Ezekiel Symbolizes the Exile of Jerusalem (ch. 12)
      1. An exile's baggage (12:1-16)
      2. Anxious eating (12:17-20)
      3. The nearness of judgment (12:21-28)
   F. Oracles concerning God's Judgment on Judah (13:1; 24:14)
      1. Condemnation of the false prophets (ch. 13)
      2. Condemnation of the idolaters (14:1-11)
3. No mediators can turn back God's judgment (14:12-23)
4. Jerusalem likened to a piece of burnt vine (ch. 15)
5. Jerusalem allegorized as an adulterous wife (ch. 16)
6. Allegory of two eagles and a vine (ch. 17)
7. The soul who sins will die (ch. 18)
8. A lament over the fall of Jerusalem's kings (ch. 19)
9. Apostate Israel purged and renewed through judgment (20:1-44)
10. Babylon, God's sword of judgment (20:45; 21:32)
11. The sins for which Jerusalem is judged (ch. 22)
12. Jerusalem and Samaria allegorized as adulterous sisters (ch. 23)
13. Jerusalem cooked over the fire (24:1-14)

G. The Death of Ezekiel's Wife Symbolizes Jerusalem's Fall (24:15-27)

II. Oracles of Judgment against the Nations (chs. 25-32)

. A Prophecy against Ammon (25:1-7)
A. A Prophecy against Moab (25:8-11)
B. A Prophecy against Edom (25:12-14)
C. A Prophecy against Philistia (25:15-17)
D. A Prophecy against Tyre (26:1; 28:19)
    1. Tyre's destruction announced (ch. 26)
    2. A lament over Tyre (ch. 27)
    3. A prophecy against the king of Tyre (28:1-19)
E. A Prophecy against Sidon (28:20-24)
   (For Israel, a restoration, 28:25-26)
F. A Prophecy against Egypt (chs. 29-32)
   1. Egypt a doomed monster (29:1-16)
   2. Egypt a payment to Nebuchadnezzar (29:17-21)
   3. Laments over Egypt (30:1-19)
4. The pharaoh's arms are broken (30:20-26)

5. The pharaoh a felled Lebanon cedar (ch. 31)

6. Lament over the pharaoh (32:1-16)

7. The pharaoh consigned to the realm of the dead (32:17-32)

III. Oracles of Consolation for Israel (chs. 33-48)

   A. Renewal of Ezekiel's Call as Watchman (33:1-20)
   B. Jerusalem's Fall Reported and Its Remnant Condemned (33:21-33)
   C. The Lord to Be Israel's Shepherd (ch. 34)
   D. A Prophecy against Edom (ch. 35)
   E. Israel's Complete Restoration Announced (ch. 36)
   F. Israel's Dry Bones Revived and Unity Restored (ch. 37)
      1. Israel's dry bones restored to life (37:1-14)
      2. Again one nation under one King (37:15-28)
   G. The New Order for Purified Israel (chs. 40-48)
      1. The temple area restored (40:1-47)
      2. The new temple (40:48; 42:20)
      3. God's glory returns to the temple (43:1-12)
      4. Restoration of the great altar (43:13-27)
      5. Restoration of the priesthood (ch. 44)
      6. Restoration of the theocratic order (chs. 45-46)
      7. The river of life from the temple (47:1-12)
      8. The boundaries of the land (47:13-23)
      9. The distribution of the land (48:1-29)
     10. The twelve gates of the new city (48:30-35)